

# Time on my hands: Examination of overlapping rhythmic synchronization mechanisms across sensory modalities



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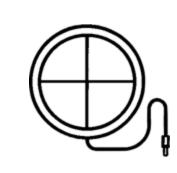
### Background

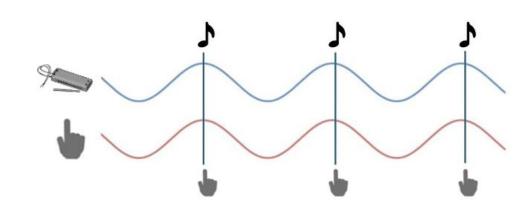
- Range of optimal sensorimotor synchronization frequencies across modalities
- Synchronization performance depends on modality suitable processing styles (Hove et al., 2013)
  - Discrete auditory stimuli (ie. distinct beats)
  - Continuous visual stimuli (ie. movement)
- Optimal oscillations vary across the literature
  - Context dependent

## **Experiment 1 Methodology**

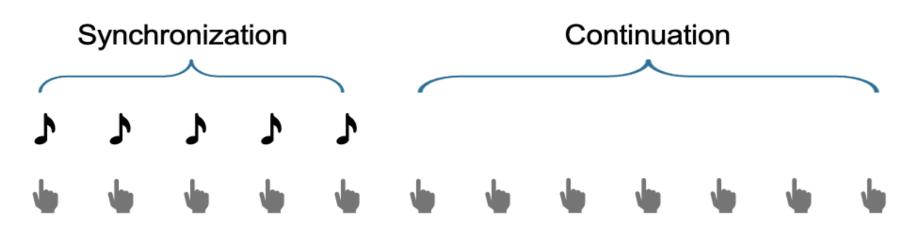
### **Experiment 1: In-Phase Tapping**

- n = 30
- Auditory and visual metronome blocks consisting of 168 trials each
  - Auditory: 100 ms woodblock tone
  - Visual: white circle moving vertically between two horizontal white lines
- Frequency range: .5 to 3 Hz
- Participants were instructed to tap in time on a drum pad to stimuli beats then maintain tempo after stimuli disappeared





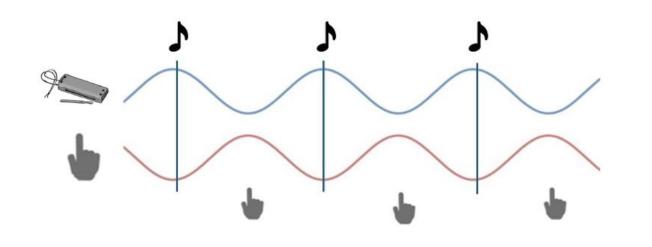
- Synchronization-Continuation paradigm (based on Kaya & Henry, 2022):
  - Synchronization: Tap to the beat for 5 taps
  - Continuation: Continuing tapping at the same pace in absence of stimuli for 7 taps



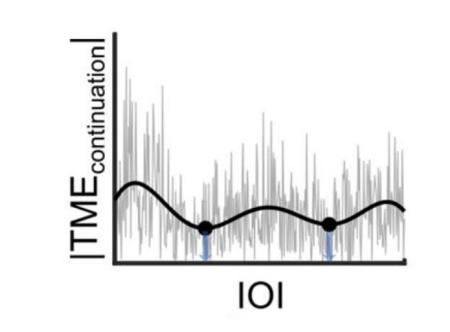
### **Experiment 2 Methodology**

### **Experiment 2: Out-of-Phase Tapping**

- n = 22
- Participants were instructed to tap in between stimuli beats then maintain tempo after stimuli disappeared
- Same Synchronization-Continuation paradigm



# **Example from Kaya & Henry, 2022**



- Fit with sum of sines
- Find 2-3 local minima associated with minimal tapping error
  - Best tapping performance

### Conclusions

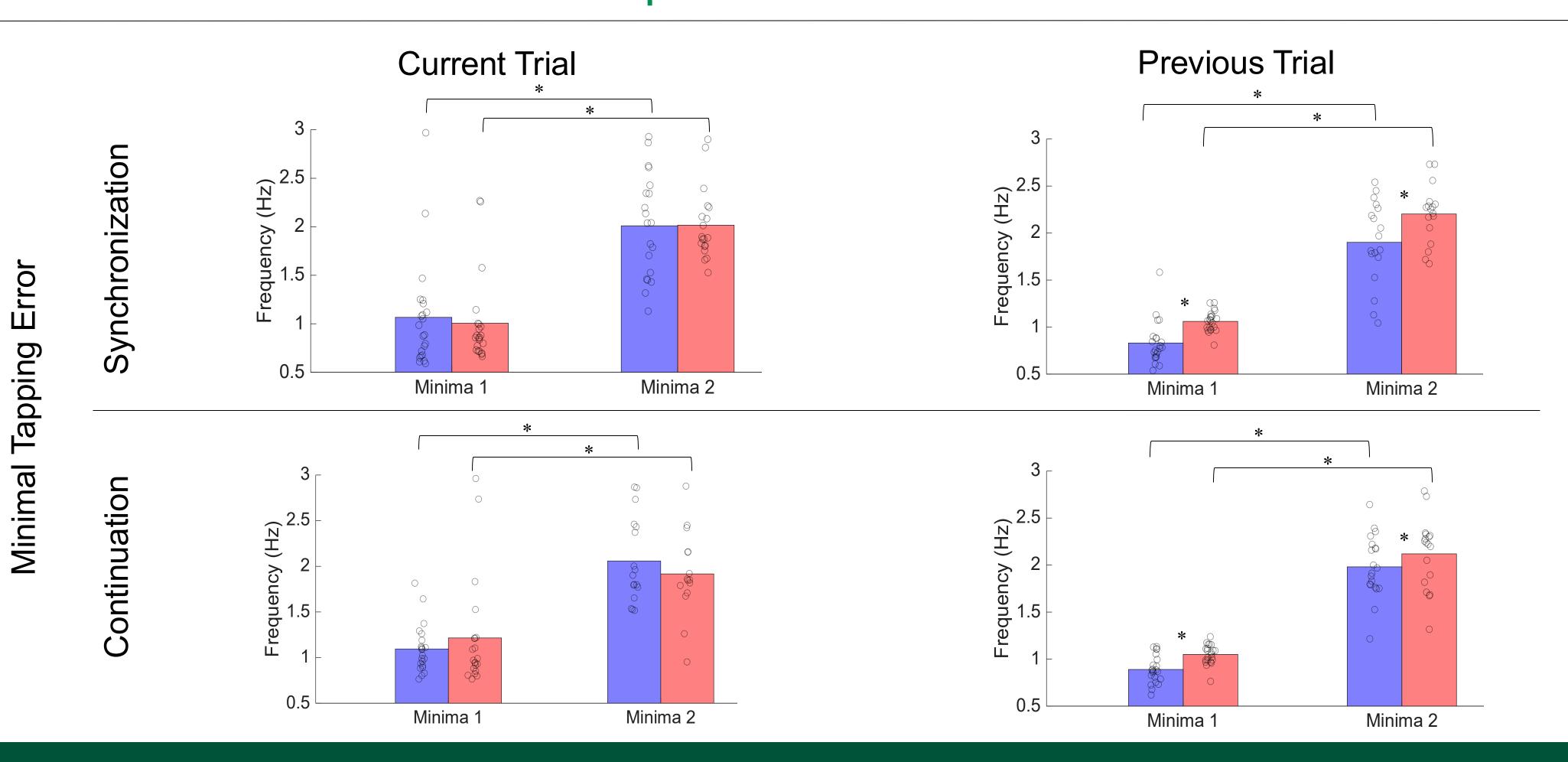
- No significant difference in minima between auditory and visual modalities
  - Auditory and visual temporal processing utilize overlapping synchronization mechanisms
     ~1 Hz and ~2 Hz
- Significantly different yet harmonic minima for both auditory and visual modalities
- Previous trial significantly shifted minima leftward (~.8 Hz and ~1.9 Hz)
- No significant difference for visual and auditory across synchronization or syncopation or difficulty

# Current Trial Previous Trial Short and the state of the

**Experiment 1 Results** 

# **Experiment 2 Results**

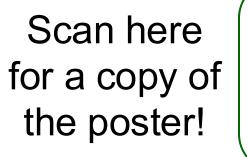
Minima 2



### **Key References**

- Hove, M. J., Fairhurst, M. T., Kotz, S. A., & Keller, P. E. (2013). Synchronizing with auditory and visual rhythms: An fmri assessment of modality differences and modality appropriateness. *NeuroImage*, 67, 313–321. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.neuroimage.2012.11.032
- Kaya, E., & Henry, M. J. (2022). Reliable estimation of internal oscillator properties from a novel, fast-paced tapping paradigm. *Scientific Reports*, *12*(1). https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-022-24453-6
- Zalta, A., Petkoski, S. & Morillon, B. Natural rhythms of periodic temporal attention. Nat. Commun. 11, 1051 (2020).

Minima 1



Minima 2

