

# The Aging Musician-Advantage on Listening Effort

Riopelle W. & Paquette S.

PsychoAcoustic Lab, Department of Psychology, Faculty of Arts & Science, Trent University, On, Canada



## INTRODUCTION

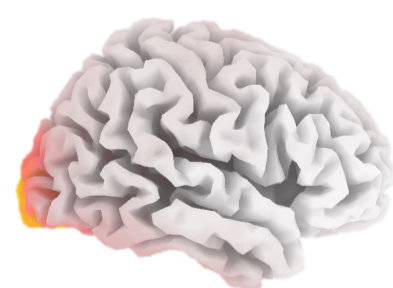
As adults age, **listening** becomes increasingly **challenging**, particularly in environments with **multiple cognitive demands**.

This heightened difficulty, called **listening effort**, can lead to greater fatigue and negatively impact **quality of life**.

Individual factors, such as **lifelong musical practice**, may mitigate listening effort, as musicians demonstrate enhanced central auditory processing, including **superior speech-in-noise comprehension**, compared to non-musicians.

## OBJECTIVE

Investigate the impact of **lifelong musical practice** on listening effort for speech in noise in **aging adults**.



### HYPOTHESIS

- Musicians will show decreased listening effort when compared to their non-musician counterparts.

## METHODOLOGY

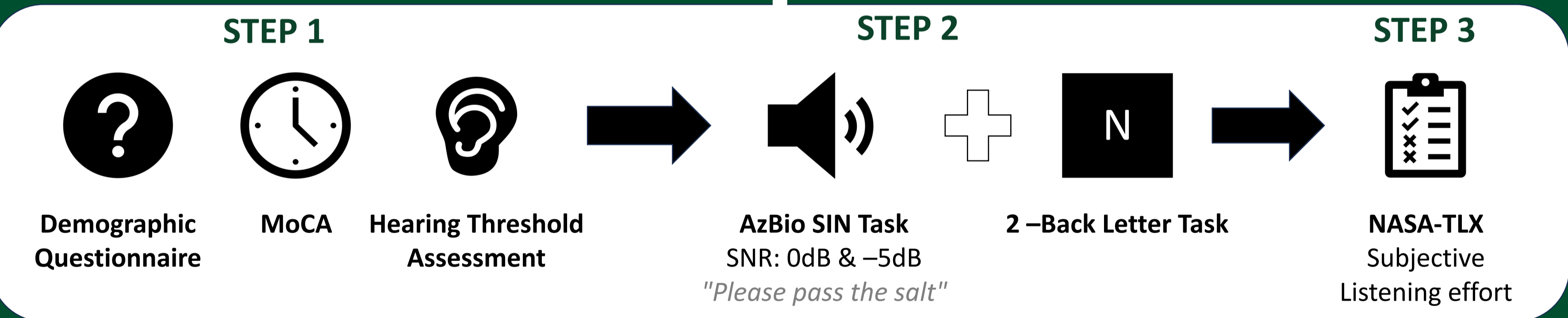
### PARTICIPANTS

- We will recruit **40 participants** aged **55-75 years**. There will be **two groups**:
  - **Musician group** ( $n = 20$ ) must have 10 years of formal musical training beginning before the age of 10
  - **Non-musician group** ( $n = 20$ )



### METHODS

- Participants will perform **speech-in-noise (SIN)** and **n-back tasks** separately and in **conjunction**.
- Performance differences on the **n-back**, indicated by **reaction time** and **accuracy**, will reflect effort levels.



### ADDITIONAL ASSESSMENTS

- We will conduct a **hearing threshold evaluation** to check for impairments.
- The **Montreal Cognitive Assessment (MoCA)** will be used as a regressor for listening effort.
- The **NASA Task Load Index** will be used to assess **perceived effort** for the dual task.

### IMPLICATIONS

- This research could provide evidence for the **protective effects** of musical training against the observed **age-related increase in listening effort**.
- As a result, **auditory training** may be essential to maintaining healthy auditory cognitive function as one ages.

