

Background

On a societal level:

Music is used for social justice advocacy (e.g., protest songs) to incite audiences to support societal causes [1].

On an interpersonal level:

Joint music activities improve our attitude towards the persons we share them with [2].

On an individual level:

Music moves us. Music engages us, inspiring body movement [3], changing arousal levels [4], and capturing our attention [5].

In the context of social justice advocacy through music performance: How do semantic information, social copresence, and physiological responses interact in fostering audience engagement?

Hypotheses

Mediation: More synchronized audience physiological responses relate to better liking of the event and higher social justice outcomes.

Main effects: Audience responses and social justice outcomes are higher for in-person attendance (vs. remote), documentary (vs. performance), and second presentation (vs. first). Interactions: In-person attendance specifically increases the effect of the performance, compared to the documentary. Watching the documentary before the performance engages the audience more than the inverse presentation order.

The Innocents

The Innocents is a percussion performance by John Lane and Allen Otte that aims to engage the audience with the issue of wrongful incareration. An eponymous documentary film by Wojciech Lorenc provides background information about the performance and tells the story of the exoneree Anna Vasquez as she tours with the musicians.

Performance – Documentary

live – recorded

abstract concepts – semantic content

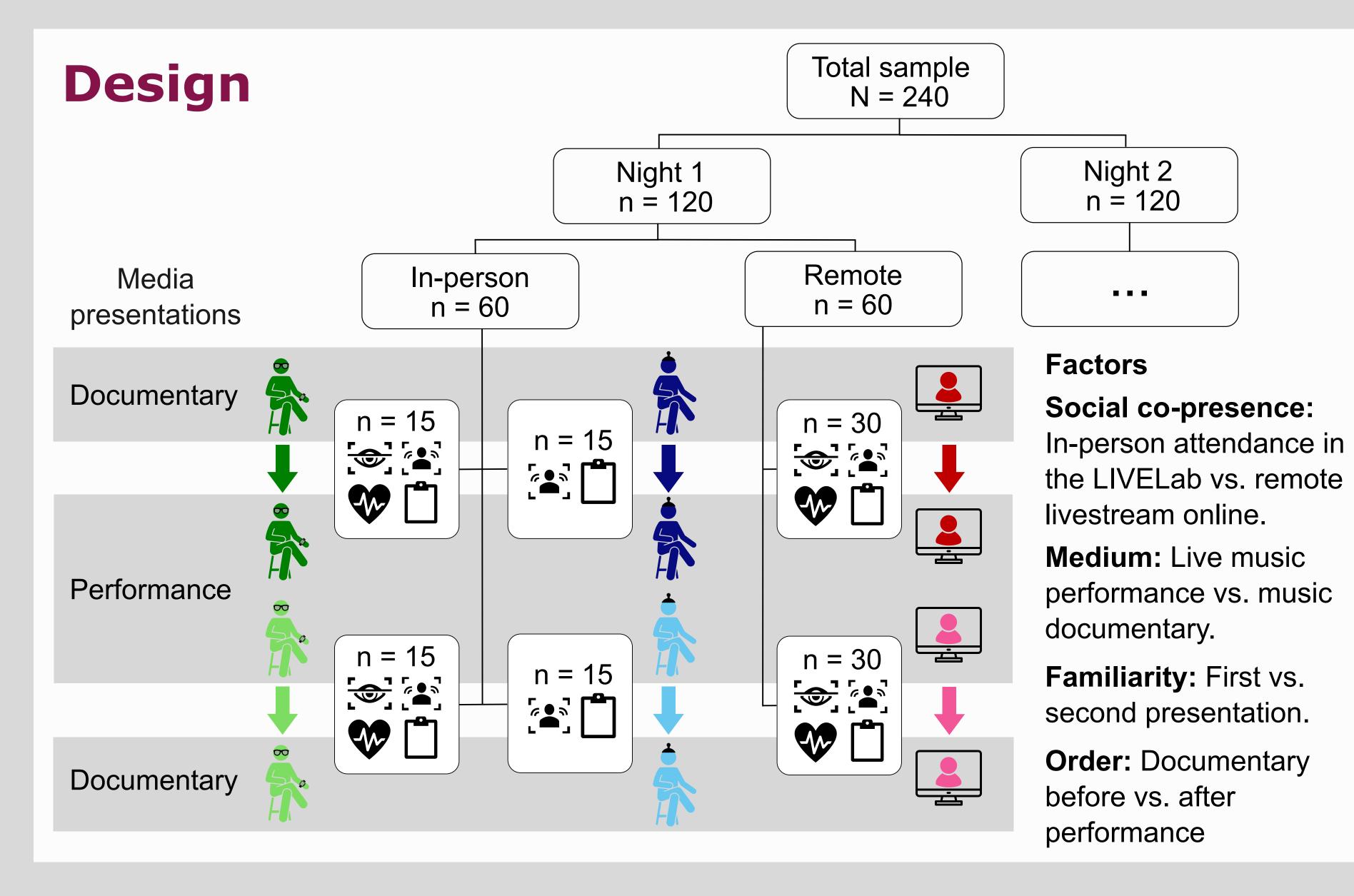
emotional – informative

Planned Analyses

- For each physiological, self-reported, & behavioural outcome: social co-presence x medium x familiarity ANOVA with two-way interactions (order = medium x familiarity; performer co-presence = social co-presence x medium)
- Mediation analysis: physiological reactions --> self-reported reactions --> social justice behaviour

Social justice advocacy through music performance - Testing the influence of performance context and audience physiological responses

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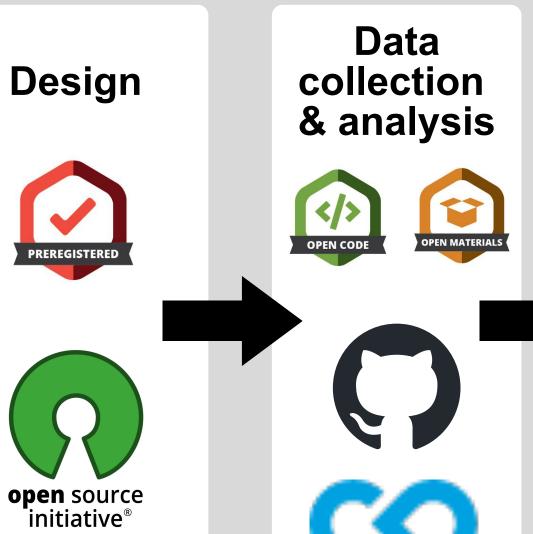






Measures				
	Construct	Instrument	Sample size	
	Age & gender			
	Personality: openness	penness NEO-FFI [6]		
Listener characteristics	Personality: trait empathy	Interpersonal Reactivity Index [7]	n = 240	
ondiadionotics	Music: experience	Single-item OMSI [8]		
	Music: preference	TBD		
	Absorption in the medium	TBD	n = 240 evaluations for	
	Affect	PANAS [9]		
Evaluation survey	State empathy	Empathic Concern Index [10]; Inclusion of Other in the Self [11]	both documentary	
	Social justice attitude	TBD	and	
	Social justice behaviour	Donation	performance	
Dhuaialastaal	Gaze	Eye tracking	n = 180	
Physiological measures	Heart rate	Pulse & Facial skin colour	n = 180	
	Head movement	MoCap & IMU	n = 240	

Open Science Workflow





CODE OCEAN



Reporting









Data

sharing

SF

Contact

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Ask a question or leave a comment on Padlet:



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