

Effects of Group Singing on Vocal Production in Individuals with Parkinson's Disease



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Introduction

Parkinson's Disease (PD) is a progressive neurodegenerative disorder that affects the muscles of the body (i.e., the motor system).

Approximately 90% of individuals with PD experience voice and speech problems associated with PD motor symptom disturbances.

Research supports vocal training as a method for strengthening vocal muscles that may result in improved voice quality.

Based on these observations, the present study investigated the impact of a community choir intervention on specific aspects of vocal production in older adults with PD.

Hypothesis: We predicted that group singing would lead to improvements in acoustic measures of voice quality.

Methods & Results

Participants: Older Adults 50-75 y/o Mild-moderate PD

Design:

Choir 1: Singing with Parkinson's Toronto, ON N = 12

SINGING

POST-TEST

Choir 2:

UTunes

N = 11

Winnipeg, MB

PRE-TEST Measures & Results:

Vocal Tasks		Acoustic Measures	
Pitch Range Task	"Ah" lowest to highest note possible		Lowest Achievable Pitch* Highest Achievable Pitch
Loudness Task	"Ah" as loud as possible	**	Sound Intensity
Phonation Duration Task	"Ah" as long as possible	٠,	Phonation Duration*
Baseline Reading Sample	Severity grade of voice quality	٠,	Jitter* ("pitch wobble") Shimmer* ("amplitude wobble")

Analysis: PRE—POST-intervention vocal acoustic measures were analyzed using Praat acoustic analysis software.

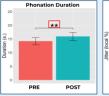
Study Aims

How does a 13-week naturalistic community choir program impact aspects of vocal production in older adults living with Parkinson's Disease?

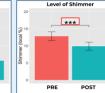


Group singing improves some, though not all, measures of vocal quality in older adults with Parkinson's disease.

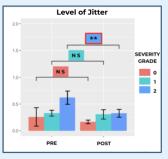








Who benefits the most?



Discussion

These findings support group singing as a potential viable intervention for vocal production deficits associated with PD.

While these communication outcomes are possible with conventional speech and language therapies, singing is a fun and engaging way to improve vocal production impairments that creates a supportive strength-focused community.